# HP 8757D/E <br> Scalar Network Analyzers 

Technical Specifications

10 MHz to $\mathbf{1 1 0} \mathbf{~ G H z}$


Accurate measurement of transmission and reflection characteristics is a key requirement in your selection of a scalar network analyzer. To help you achieve these goals, Hewlett-Packard offers you a choice of microwave scalar measurement solutions which provide an excellent balance of cost, system versatility, and measurement precision.

## Overview of features and differences HP 8757E

- High resolution monochrome display
- Two display channels
- Three detector inputs
- Internal plotter/printer buffer
- +16 to - 60 dBm dynamic range
- AC/DC detection modes
- 101 to 401 measurement points/trace
- Noise figure measurement display capability
- Cursor max and min search functions
- Compatible with the HP 85025 and 85026 series detectors and the HP 85027 series directional bridges


## HP 8757D

Includes all of the HP 8757E features, plus the following:

- High resolution color display
- Four display channels
- An optional fourth detector input (Option 001)
- An optional internal power calibrator (Option 002)
- Accurate power measurements with the HP 85037 series precision detectors
- External disk save/recall
- 101 to 1601 measurement points/trace
- Limit line testing (channels 1 and 2)
- Adaptive normalization
- Cursor search functions (max, min, n dB, BW)


## HP 8757D/E scalar network analyzers

The HP 8757D has four independent display channels that process the signals from the HP 85037 series precision detectors (HP 8757D only), the HP 85025 and 85026 detectors, and the HP 85027 series directional bridges for logarithmic display, in single channel or ratio mode. Three (optionally four) detector inputs are provided. The HP 8757E has two independent display channels and three detector inputs.

## Display

## Horizontal resolution

The number of points (horizontal resolution) that can be selected depends on the number of traces displayed.

| Network Analyzer | Traces | Selectable Number of Points |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| HP 8757E | 1,2 | $101,201,401$ |
| HP 8757D | 1 | $101,201,401,801,1601$ |
|  | 2 | $101,201,401,801$ |
|  | 3,4 | $101,201,401$ |

## Display modes

All analyzer display channels can display any one of the detector inputs or any ratio combination of detector inputs.
Log magnitude
dBm : single channel power measurement.
dB : relative power measurement (ratio or relative to trace memory).
SWR
Relative measurements (normalized or ratio measure-
ments) can be displayed in SWR. Channels 1 and 2
only: 401 points or fewer.
AUX voltage
The rear panel BNC input ADC IN can be measured
and displayed in volts ( -10 to +10 volts). Typical max-
imum error is 60 mV .
Color settings (HP 8757D only)
Up to 8 operator-selectable col ors are available for CRT attributes, such as the grid, measurement traces, and labels.

## Sweep time

The minimum sweep time depends on the number of traces displayed and the number of points selected.

| Number <br> of <br> points | $\mathbf{1}$ trace | Minimum sweep time (ms) <br> (log magnitude format) |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 2 traces | 3 traces | 4 traces |  |  |  |
| 101 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 |  |
| 201 | 50 | 75 | 90 | 100 |  |
| 401 | 100 | 100 | 150 | 200 |  |
| 801 | 200 | 250 | NA | NA |  |
| 1601 | 400 | NA | NA | NA |  |

## Averaging

$2,4,8,16,32,64,128$, or 256 successive traces can be averaged.
Smoothing
Provides a linear moving average of adjacent data points. The smoothing aperture defines the trace width (number of data points) to be averaged, and ranges from $0.1 \%$ to $20 \%$ of the trace width.

## Normalization

Traces are stored and normalized with the highest resolution, independent of display scale/division or offset. With adaptive normalization on the HP 8757D, calibration data is interpolated when the frequency span is decreased.

## Limit lines (HP 8757D only)

Limit lines facilitate quick pass/fail decisions. Limits can be any combination of flat or sloped lines or single points up to 12 segments. They are only available for channels 1 and 2, for traces with 401 points or fewer, and can be stored in save/recall registers 1 through 4.

## Internal save/recall registers

Up to 9 complete front panel states may be saved or recalled. If the source (HP 8360 or 8370 series) is connected to the HP 8757 system interface, the front panel states of both the network analyzer and source are saved. Registers 1 through 4 store the instrument state and the memory traces for channels 1 and 2 . The memory traces for channels 3 and 4 are not stored. Registers 5 through 9 only store the instrument state.

| Display <br> mode | Scale <br> resolution | Display <br> range | Vertical <br> resolution |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| dBm | 0.1 to $20 \mathrm{~dB} / \mathrm{div}$ <br> $(1 / 2 / 5$ sequence $)$ | -80 to +80 dBm | $0.003 \mathrm{~dB}^{1}$ |
| dB | 0.1 to $20 \mathrm{~dB} / \mathrm{div}$ <br> $(1 / 2 / 5$ sequence $)$ | -90 to +90 dB | $0.006 \mathrm{~dB}^{1}$ |
| Normalized <br> ratio <br> measurements | 0.1 to $20 \mathrm{~dB} / \mathrm{div}$ <br> $(1 / 2 / 5$ sequence $)$ | -180 to +180 dB | 0.01 dB |
| SWR | 0.02 to 10 units/div <br> $(1 / 2 / 4$ sequence $)$ | 1.0 to 37.0 | 0.01 at 1 |
|  |  |  | 0.1 at 10 <br> 0.27 at 30 |
| AUX <br> Voltage | 0.025 to $5 \mathrm{~V} /$ div <br> $(1 / 2.5 / 5$ sequence $)$ | -10 to +10 V | 0.001 V |

1. 0.01 dB for display cursor

## Modulation requirements

Applies to the HP 85037 series precision detectors, HP 85025/26 series detectors, and HP 85027 series directional bridges in AC mode.
Squarewave amplitude modulation.
Frequency $27,778 \mathrm{~Hz} \pm 20 \mathrm{~Hz}$.
$\geq 30 \mathrm{~dB}$ on/off ratio.
$45 \%$ to $55 \%$ symmetry.

## HP 8757D/E

 network analyzer (cont'd)
## Rear panel connectors

## Sweep voltage requirements (Sweep in)

Horizontal sweep voltage, normally provided by the sweeper, from 0 to 10 volts.

## Marker and blanking requirements (Pos z blank)

Blanking and marker signals are provided by the sweeper through the "Pos z blank" input on the rear panel of the HP 8757.
Voltage levels
Blanked: +5V typical
Unblanked: OV typical
Marker: -4V typical
Active marker: -8V typical

## Modulator drive

The modulator drive output of the HP 8757 scalar analyzer provides the circuitry to drive the HP 8360/8370 series synthesized sweepers and the HP 11665B modulator. Modulation drive may be turned on and off via the front panel or HP-IB. In the "off" state, the modulator drive signal turns the HP 11665B fully on for minimum insertion loss.
Frequency: $27,778 \mathrm{~Hz} \pm 12 \mathrm{~Hz}$
Symmetry: 50\% $\pm$ \%

## Stop sweep

Used with the HP 8360 and 8370 series when controlled by the HP 8757 system interface to stop the sweep at band crossings and at the end of sweep.

## ADC in

An input connector for auxiliary voltage input in the -10 to +10 volt range. This voltage can be displayed (in volts) on any channel.

## Control 1 and control 2

These connectors provide digital output signals (TTL open-collector) as a user convenience for driving other peripheral equipment in an HP-IB controlled system.

## Video outputs (HP 8757D only)

Used to drive an external color monitor that has the following characteristics:

- Red, green, and blue (RGB) BNC inputs, sync on green
- 75 ohm input impedance
- 25.5 kHz horizontal scan rate
- 60 Hz vertical refresh rate
- 1 V p-p (typically $0.7 \mathrm{~V}=$ white; $0 \mathrm{~V}=$ black; $-0.3 \mathrm{~V}=$ sync)


## HP-IB

## Interface

HP-IB operates according to IEEE 488-1978 and IEC-625 interface standards.

## Interface function codes

SH1, AH 1, T6, TE0, L4, LE0, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, C0, E1.

## Transfer formats

Data can be transferred either as ASCII strings or as 16 -bit integers. Readings may be taken at a single point, or an entire trace may be transferred at once.

## Transfer speed

ASCII format, 401 point trace: 500 ms typical.
ASCII format, single point: 10 ms typical.
Binary format, 401 point trace: 30 ms typical.
Binary format, single point: 7 ms typical.

## Programmable functions

All front panel functions except power on/off are programmable. The HP 8757D/E is compatible with all appropriate HP 8757A/C scalar analyzer programming codes.

## User-accessible display graphics

HP-GL subset that allows user to display test setup diagrams and operator instructions on the analyzer CRT. Interrupts
HP-IB service interrupts (SRQs) are generated for the following conditions:

- Front-panel key pressed
- Operation complete
- Illegal command
- Instrument self-test error
- Limit test failed


## System interface

The HP 8757 system interface is a dedicated HP-IB port used exclusively by the HP 8757 to control and extract information from a swept source, a digital plotter, a printer, and a disk drive (HP 8757D only).

## Compatible swept sources

The following swept sources are specifically made to complement the HP 8757 system. With them, the HP 8757 is able to display start, stop and marker frequencies, save and recall front panel states of both the sweeper and the scalar analyzer, preset both instruments simultaneously, and alternately sweep two different frequency or power ranges and display both simultaneously:

- HP 8360 series synthesized sweeper
- HP 8370 series synthesized sweeper


## Printers

For a list of compatible printers, consult our printercompatibility guide Web page. Its URL location is http://www.hp.com/go/pcg

## Internal plotter/printer buffer

The HP-IB buffer speeds measurements by returning the control to the analyzer while outputting data to a plotter or printer. Output two channels (401 points each) of information to the buffer in typically less than 5 seconds.

## Disk interface (HP 8757D only)

The HP 8757D provides the capability to store and retrieve the analyzer's instrument state, measurement data, and user accessible display graphics to and from an external HP-IB disk drive that is compatible with command subset CS/80. Data files are stored in Hewlett-Packard's standard LIF format and can be read by a wide variety of computers, including the HP 9000 series 200 or 300 . Files can be stored in binary or ASCII format.

## Recommended disk drive

HP 9122C dual 3.5 in disk drive (only available with Option 802)

## General information

## Temperature range

Operating: 0 to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Storage: -40 to $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## Power requirements

48 to $66 \mathrm{~Hz}, 100 / 120 / 220 / 240 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$, typically 155 VA .
Dimensions: $178 \mathrm{H} \times 425 \mathrm{~W} \times 482 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{D}$
$(7.0 \times 16.75 \times 19.0 \mathrm{in})$
Weight: Net $22 \mathrm{~kg}(48 \mathrm{lb})$, Shipping: $28 \mathrm{~kg}(61.5 \mathrm{lb})$

## Power calibrator (HP 8757D Option 002 only)

The HP 8757D's internal power calibrator provides a 50 MHz reference standard for characterizing the absolute power accuracy and dynamic power accuracy of the HP 85037 series precision detectors.
Frequency: $50 \mathrm{MHz} \pm 0.2 \mathrm{MHz}$
Output power: $\left(25 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
Range: +20 to -50 dBm
Accuracy at $0 \mathrm{dBm}: \pm 0.05 \mathrm{~dB}$
Linearity: (over any 10 dB range)
$\pm 0.08 \mathrm{~dB}(+20$ to $+10 \mathrm{dBm})$
$\pm 0.04 \mathrm{~dB}(+10$ to $-30 \mathrm{dBm})$
$\pm 0.06 \mathrm{~dB}(-30$ to $-50 \mathrm{dBm})$
SWR : $\leq 1.05$
Modes of operation
DC Mode (unmodulated)
AC Mode (modulated at $27,778 \mathrm{~Hz} \pm 12 \mathrm{~Hz}$ )
Connector: type-N (f)

## Accessory included

A type $\mathrm{N}(\mathrm{m}$ ) to $3.5-\mathrm{mm}(\mathrm{f})$ adapter is provided to allow calibration of the HP 85037B ( 3.5 mm ) precision detector.

## Ordering information

HP 8757D scalar network analyzer
Option 001: adds fourth detector input
Option 002: adds internal power calibrator
Option 802: adds an HP 9122C dual 3.5 inch disk drive and HP 10833A HP-IB cable.

## HP 8757D/E options

Option 1BN: MIL-STD 45662A certificate of calibration Option 1BP: MIL-STD 45662A certificate of calibration with data

## System accuracy

## Transmission measurement accuracy

Transmission loss or gain measurements are made relative to a 0 dB reference point established at calibration.

Transmission measurement uncertainty
=dynamic power accuracy + mismatch uncertainty
Dynamic power accuracy is the measurement uncertainty due to the change in power level between calibration and the measurement. Mismatch uncertainty is the uncertainty due to reflections in the measurement setup. The frequency response errors of the source, detectors, bridge, and power splitter are removed via calibration.
Transmission measurement uncertainty examples Assumptions:

- Measurement frequency $=10 \mathrm{GHz}$
- DUT input/output SWR $=1.5$
- Ratio measurement

| Change in power after calibration <br> $<30 \mathrm{~dB}(+0$ to -30 dBm range) |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Uncertainty component | HP 85037B <br> precision detector | HP 85025E <br> detector |
| Dynamic accuracy $( \pm \mathrm{dB})$ | 0.11 | 0.40 |
| Mismatch $( \pm \mathrm{dB})$ | 0.45 | 0.33 |
| Total $( \pm \mathrm{dB})$ | 0.56 | 0.73 |

Change in power after calibration
60 dB ( +6 to -55 dBm range)

| Uncertainty component | HP 85037B <br> precision detector | HP 85025E <br> detector |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Dynamic accuracy ( $\pm \mathrm{dB})$ | 0.96 | 2.00 |
| Mismatch $( \pm \mathrm{dB})$ | 0.45 | 0.33 |
| Total ( $\pm \mathrm{dB})$ | 1.41 | 2.33 |

## Absolute power measurement accuracy

This specification is useful for determining the accuracy of power measurements in dBm when using the HP 85037 series precision detectors or the HP 85025 series detectors in DC mode.

Absolute power uncertainty =

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { absolute power accuracy at } 50 \mathrm{MHz} \\
& \text { + frequency response + mismatch uncertainty }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Absolute power measurement uncertainty examples

 Assumptions:- Measurement frequency $=10 \mathrm{GHz}$
- DUT input/output SWR $=1.5$

| Uncertainty component | HP 85037B precision detector | HP 85025E detector |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Absolute power accuracy at $50 \mathrm{MHz}( \pm \mathrm{dB})$ | 0.11 | 0.50 |
| Frequency response ( $\pm$ dB) | 0.18 | 0.50 |
| Mismatch ( $\pm$ dB) | 0.18 | 0.10 |
| Total ( $\pm$ dB) | 0.47 | 1.10 |
| Power $=0 \mathrm{dBm}$ |  |  |
| Uncertainty component | HP 85037B precision detector | HP 85025E detector |
| Absolute power accuracy at $50 \mathrm{MHz}( \pm \mathrm{dB})$ <br> Frequency response ( $\pm \mathrm{dB}$ ) Mismatch ( $\pm \mathrm{dB}$ ) | $\begin{aligned} & 0.11 \\ & 0.18 \\ & 0.18 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.40 \\ & 0.50 \\ & 0.10 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total ( $\pm$ dB) | 0.47 | 1.00 |
| Power $=-50 \mathrm{dBm}$ |  |  |
| Uncertainty component | HP 85037B precision detector | HP 85025E detector |
| Absolute power accuracy at $50 \mathrm{MHz}( \pm \mathrm{dB})$ | 0.85 | 1.30 |
| Frequency response ( $\pm$ dB) | 0.18 | 0.50 |
| Mismatch ( $\pm$ dB) | 0.18 | 0.10 |
| Total ( $\pm$ dB) | 1.21 | 1.90 |

## Precision detector vs. power sensor absolute power measurement accuracy

Accuracy terms differ depending on the test equipment used to make absolute power measurements. The following table simplifies and compares the accuracy terms of an HP 8757 system (using an HP 85037 series precision detector) and a power meter (using a power sensor). A measurement accuracy example is also provided.

| Scalar terms | Equivalent power meter/sensor terms |
| :--- | :--- |
| Absolute power | Power reference uncertainty |
| accuracy at 50 MHz | Instrument linearity |
|  | Zero set |
|  | Noise |
| Frequency response | Sensor calibration factor uncertainty |
| Mismatch | Mismatch |

## Scalar analyzer vs power meter

 Absolute power measurement uncertainty examplesAssumptions:

- Measurement frequency $=10 \mathrm{GHz}$
- DUT input/output SWR =1.5
- Power measurement range $=+10$ to -20 dBm

| Uncertainty component <br> (see above table for <br> equivalent power meter terms) | HP 8757D opt 002/ <br> $85037 B$ | HP EPM-441A <br> 8485 A |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Absolute power accuracy |  |  |
| at $50 \mathrm{MHz}( \pm \mathrm{dB})$ | 0.11 | 0.09 |
| Frequency response $( \pm \mathrm{dB})$ | 0.18 | 0.09 |
| Mismatch ( $\pm \mathrm{dB}$ ) | 0.18 | 0.12 |
| Total ( $\pm \mathrm{dB}$ ) | 0.47 | 0.30 |

## Directivity versus reflection uncertainty



## Example calculation

The following example shows how to find the uncertainty (excluding dynamic accuracy), in measuring a $14-\mathrm{dB}$ return loss (SWR $=1.5$ ) with an HP 85027A directional bridge at 10 GHz (directivity $=40 \mathrm{~dB}$, test port match $=$ 1.25 SWR).

| Uncertainty Component | Uncertainty |
| :--- | :--- |
| Source match error | approximately $\pm 0.2 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| Directivity error | approximately $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| Total uncertainty | approximately $\pm 0.6 \mathrm{~dB}$ |

## System accessories

## Detectors

## HP 85037 series precision detectors (AC/DC)

The HP 85037 series precision detectors are designed specifically for operation with the HP 8757D scalar network analyzer and are not compatible with the HP 8757A/E, 8756 , or 8755 scal ar network analyzers. These detectors may be used in either AC or DC detection modes. For improved power measurement accuracy versus frequency, each HP 85037 series precision detector includes detector specific frequency response data, stored in an internal EEPROM, which is automatically read by the HP 8757D. When used in conjunction with the HP 8757D's internal power calibrator (Option 002), these detectors provide the maximum absolute power measurement accuracy.


## HP 85025 and 85026 series detectors (AC/DC)

The HP 85025 and 85026 series detectors are designed specifically for operation with the HP 8757 scalar network analyzer and are not compatible with either the HP 8756 or the 8755. The HP 85025/26 detectors may be used in either AC or DC detection modes.

## General information-coaxial detectors

Impedance: 50 ohms nominal
Maximum input power: $+20 \mathrm{dBm}(100 \mathrm{~mW})$
Maximum input voltage: 10 VDC
Dimensions: Cable length is 1.22 m (48 in.)
Weight: Net $0.24 \mathrm{~kg}(0.5 \mathrm{lb})$, Shipping 1.0 kg ( 2.2 lb )

## Detector adapters

The HP 85025C detector adapters match the scalar analyzer display to most standard crystal, silicon, and gallium arsenide detectors. This enables the user to operate up to 110 GHz with the HP 8757. The HP 85025C detector adapter is designed for use with the HP 8757 only, and can operate in either AC or DC detection modes.
Maximum measurable input: $\pm 3 \mathrm{~V}$ peak
Maximum allowable input: $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ peak
Connector: SMA (m)

Precision Detector Summary, HP 85037 Series ${ }^{1}$
For use with the HP 8757D in either AC or DC detection modes

| Model | Frequency Range | Connector Type | Dynamic Range | Frequency | Return Loss | Frequency Response ${ }^{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HP 85037A | $10 \mathrm{MHz}-18 \mathrm{GHz}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Type-N (m) } \\ & 7 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \end{aligned}$ | AC mode +20 to -55 dBm DC mode +20 to -50 dBm | $\begin{aligned} & 0.01-0.04 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 0.04-18 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & 20 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 0.35 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 0.18 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |
| HP 85037B | $10 \mathrm{MHz}-26.5 \mathrm{GHz}$ | 3.5 mm (m) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{AC} \text { mode }+20 \text { to }-55 \mathrm{dBm} \\ & \mathrm{DC} \text { mode }+20 \text { to }-50 \mathrm{dBm} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.01-0.04 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 0.04-18 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 18-26.5 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & 20 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & 18 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 0.35 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 0.18 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 0.22 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |
| Model | Power <br> ( 50 MHz ) | Dynamic Accuracy ${ }^{4,5}$ |  | Absolute Accuracy ${ }^{4,6}$ |  |  |
|  |  | Corrected | Default | Corrected |  | Default |
| HP 85037A/B | 20 dBm | $\pm 0.25 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $\pm 0.40 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $\pm 0.25 \mathrm{~dB}$ |  | $\pm 0.40 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
|  | 10 dBm | $\pm 0.11 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $\pm 0.40 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $\pm 0.11 \mathrm{~dB}$ |  | $\pm 0.40 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
|  | -30 dBm | $\pm 0.11 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $\pm 0.40 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $\pm 0.11 \mathrm{~dB}$ |  | $\pm 0.40 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
|  | -40 dBm | $\pm 0.40 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $\pm 0.80 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $\pm 0.40 \mathrm{~dB}$ |  | $\pm 0.80 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
|  | -50 dBm | $\pm 0.85 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $\pm 1.30 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $\pm 0.85 \mathrm{~dB}$ |  | $\pm 1.30 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
|  | -55 dBm | $\pm 0.85 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $\pm 1.30 \mathrm{~dB}$ |  |  |  |

Temperature coefficient of linearity: $0.01 \mathrm{~dB} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ temperature change after calibration

[^0]4. The corrected specifications apply after a calibration via the HP 8757D Option 002 internal power calibrator. The default specifications apply when the calibrator is not used. Power calibrator uncertainty is included in the $\mathrm{HP} 85037 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{B}$ corrected specifications.
5. Dynamic accuracy refers to measurement accuracy as power varies (in dB ) from a 0 dBm reference. $25 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \mathrm{MHz}$, calibration and measurement at the same temperature.
6. $D C$ mode, $25 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, calibration and measurement at the same temperature.

## Coaxial Detector Summary, HP 85025 Series

For use with the HP 8757 in either AC or DC detection modes

| Model | Frequency Range | Connector Type | Dynamic Range | Frequency | Return Loss | Frequency Response ${ }^{2}$ | Power $(50 \mathrm{MHz})$ | Dynamic Accuracy ${ }^{3}$ | Absolute Accuracy ${ }^{4}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HP 85025A ${ }^{5}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{MHz}- \\ & 18 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Type-N (m) } \\ & 7 \mathrm{~mm}^{1} \end{aligned}$ | AC mode <br> +16 to -55 dBm <br> DC mode <br> +16 to -50 dBm | $\begin{aligned} & 0.01-0.04 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 0.04-4 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 4-18 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | 10 dB 20 dB 17 dB | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 0.8 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16 \mathrm{dBm} \\ 6 \mathrm{dBm} \\ -35 \mathrm{dBm} \\ -50 \mathrm{dBm} \\ -55 \mathrm{dBm} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 0.8 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 1.3 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 1.6 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 0.8 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 1.3 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |
| HP 85025B ${ }^{5}$ | $10 \mathrm{MHz}-$ $26.5 \text { GHz }$ | 3.5 mm (m) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AC mode } \\ & +16 \text { to }-55 \mathrm{dBm} \\ & \text { DC mode } \\ & +16 \text { to }-50 \mathrm{dBm} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.01-0.04 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 0.04-4 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 4-18 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 18-26.5 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & 20 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & 17 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & 12 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 0.8 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 2.0 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16 \mathrm{dBm} \\ 6 \mathrm{dBm} \\ -35 \mathrm{dBm} \\ -50 \mathrm{dBm} \\ -55 \mathrm{dBm} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 0.8 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 1.3 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 1.6 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 0.8 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 1.3 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |
| HP 85025D ${ }^{5}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{MHz}- \\ & 50 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | 2.4 mm (m) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AC mode } \\ & +16 \text { to }-55 \mathrm{dBm} \\ & \text { DC mode } \\ & +16 \text { to }-50 \mathrm{dBm} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.01-0.1 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 0.1-20 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 20-26.5 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 26.5-40 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 40-50 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & 20 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & 20 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & 15 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & 9 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 0.8 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 1.0 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 2.5 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 3.0 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16 \mathrm{dBm} \\ 6 \mathrm{dBm} \\ -35 \mathrm{dBm} \\ -50 \mathrm{dBm} \\ -55 \mathrm{dBm} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 1.0 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 1.3 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 1.6 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 1.0 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 1.3 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |
| HP 85025E ${ }^{5}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{MHz}- \\ & 26.5 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | 3.5 mm (m) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AC mode } \\ & +16 \text { to }-55 \mathrm{dBm} \\ & \text { DC mode } \\ & +16 \text { to }-50 \mathrm{dBm} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.01-0.1 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 0.1-18 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 18-25 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 25-26.5 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & 25 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & 25 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & 23 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 0.8 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 1.4 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16 \mathrm{dBm} \\ 6 \mathrm{dBm} \\ -35 \mathrm{dBm} \\ -50 \mathrm{dBm} \\ -55 \mathrm{dBm} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 1.0 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 1.3 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 1.6 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 1.0 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 0.4 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \pm 1.3 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |

Waveguide Detectors and Detector Adapters Summary
For use with the HP 8757 only in either AC or DC detection modes

| Model | Frequency Range | Connector Type | Dynamic Range | Return Loss | Frequency Response | Dynamic Accuracy |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HP R85026A ${ }^{5}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26.5- \\ & 40 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | WR-28 | $\begin{aligned} & +10 \text { to }-50 \mathrm{dBm} \text { (AC mode) } \\ & +10 \text { to }-45 \mathrm{dBm} \text { (DC mode) } \end{aligned}$ | 12 dB | $\pm 1.5 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $\pm(0.3 \mathrm{~dB}+0.03 \mathrm{~dB} / \mathrm{dB})$ |
| HP Q85026A ${ }^{5}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33- \\ & 50 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | WR-22 | +10 to -50 dBm (AC mode) <br> +10 to -45 dBm (DC mode) | 12 dB | $\pm 2.0 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $\pm(0.3 \mathrm{~dB}+0.03 \mathrm{~dB} / \mathrm{dB})$ |
| HP U85026A ${ }^{5}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40- \\ & 60 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | WR-19 | $\begin{aligned} & +10 \text { to }-50 \mathrm{dBm} \text { (AC mode) } \\ & +10 \text { to }-45 \mathrm{dBm} \text { (DC mode) } \end{aligned}$ | 12 dB | $\pm 2.0 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $\pm(0.3 \mathrm{~dB}+0.03 \mathrm{~dB} / \mathrm{dB})$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { HP 85025C } \\ & \text { Opt K57 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50- \\ & 75 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | WR-15 | +10 to -45 dBm (typical) | 9.5 dB (typical) |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { HP 85025C } \\ & \text { Opt K717 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 75- \\ & 110 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | WR-10 | +10 to -45 dBm (typical) | $\begin{aligned} & 9.5 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \text { (typical) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| HP 85025C ${ }^{5}$ | 6 | SMA (m) | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| 1. Option 001 changes to 7 mm connector. <br> 2. $-10 \mathrm{dBm}, 25 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> 3. Dynamic accuracy refers to measurement accuracy as power varies (in dB ) from a 0 dBm reference. $25 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \mathrm{MHz}$. <br> 4. DC mode, $25 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. |  |  |  5. The HP <br>  HP 8757 <br>  HP 1161 <br>  6. Depends <br>  7. Must be | and 85026 ware revisio ware enha detector. with the HP | ectors and the igher. To upgrad <br> etector adapter | C detector adapter require s revisions, order the |

## System accessories (cont'd)

## Directional bridges

## HP 85027 series directional bridges (AC/DC)

The HP 85027 series directional bridges are designed to operate with either the HP 8757 in AC or DC detection modes or with the HP 8756 or 8755 in AC detection mode. These bridges offer high directivity, excellent test port match, and a measurement range of up to 50 GHz in coax.

## General information-directional bridges

## Dynamic power accuracy

( $50 \mathrm{MHz}, 25 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C},+7 \mathrm{dBm}$ input)


Typical insertion loss
6.5 dB at 10.0 MHz
8.0 dB at 18.0 GHz
10.0 dB at 26.5 GHz
11.0 dB at 40.0 GHz
13.0 dB at 50.0 GHz

Typical minimum input power for a
$\mathbf{4 0} \mathbf{~ d B}$ return loss measurement at $\mathbf{1 8} \mathbf{~ G H z}:+2 \mathrm{dBm}$
Dimensions: $26 \mathrm{H} \times 124 \mathrm{~W} \times 118 \mathrm{~mm}$ D

$$
(1.0 \times 4.9 \times 4.4 \mathrm{in})
$$

Weight: Net 0.5 kg ( 1.2 lb ), Shipping 2.3 kg , ( 5 lb )
Accessories included with directional bridges:
HP 85027A
7 mm open/short
Type-N (m)-(m) adapter
HP 85027B
$3.5 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~m})$ open/short
$3.5 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~m})-(\mathrm{m})$ adapter
$3.5 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~m})$-(f) adapter
HP 85027C
Type-N (m) short
Type $N(m)$ shielded open
Type-N (m)-(m) adapter
HP 85027D
2.4 mm (f) open
2.4 mm (f) short

HP 85027E
3.5 mm (f) open/short
3.5 mm (f)-(f) adapter
$3.5 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{f})$-(m) adapter

Directional Bridge Summary
For use with the HP 8757 in AC or DC detection mode or with the HP 8756 or 8755 in AC detection mode only

| Model | Frequency Range | Nominal Impedance | Input Connector | Test Port Connector | Frequency | Directivity | Frequency | Test Port Match |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HP 85027A | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{MHz}- \\ & 18 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | 50 ohms | Type-N (f) | 7 mm | $0.01-18 \mathrm{GHz}$ | 40 dB | $\begin{aligned} & 0.01-8.4 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 8.4-12.4 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 12.4-18 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <1.15 \text { SWR } \\ & <1.25 \text { SWR } \\ & <1.43 \text { SWR } \end{aligned}$ |
| HP 85027B | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{MHz}- \\ & 26.5 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | 50 ohms | 3.5 mm (f) | 3.5 mm (f) | $\begin{aligned} & 0.01-20 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 20-26.5 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & 36 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.01-8.4 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 8.4-20 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 20-26.5 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <1.15 \text { SWR } \\ & <1.43 \text { SWR } \\ & <1.78 \text { SWR } \end{aligned}$ |
| HP 85027C | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{MHz}- \\ & 18 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | 50 ohms | Type-N (f) | Type-N (f) | $\begin{aligned} & 0.01-12.4 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 12.4-18 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 36 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & 34 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.01-8.4 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 8.4-12.4 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 12.4-18 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <1.15 \text { SWR } \\ & <1.25 \text { SWR } \\ & <1.43 \text { SWR } \end{aligned}$ |
| HP 85027D | $10 \mathrm{MHz}-$ $50 \mathrm{GHz}$ | 50 ohms | 2.4 mm (f) | 2.4 mm (m) | $\begin{aligned} & 0.01-26.5 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 26.5-40 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 40-50 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & \\ & 30 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & 25 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.01-16 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 16-30 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 30-40 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 40-50 \mathrm{GHz} \text { typically } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <1.18 \text { SWR } \\ & <1.27 \text { SWR } \\ & <1.40 \text { SWR } \\ & <1.85 \text { SWR } \end{aligned}$ |
| HP 85027E | $10 \text { MHz- }$ $26.5 \mathrm{GHz}$ | 50 ohms | 3.5 mm (f) | 3.5 mm (m) | $\begin{aligned} & 0.01-20 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 20-26.5 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & 36 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.01-8.4 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 8.4-20 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 20-26.5 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <1.15 \text { SWR } \\ & <1.43 \text { SWR } \\ & <1.78 \text { SWR } \end{aligned}$ |

## Power splitters

The HP 11667 series power splitters are two-resistor splitters recommended for external source leveling or for ratio measurement applications.


## General information

Impedance: 50 ohms nominal Maximum input power: +27 dBm
Dimensions: $46 \mathrm{H} \times 52 \mathrm{~W} \times 21 \mathrm{mmD}(1.8 \times 2.0 \times 0.8 \mathrm{in})$. Weight: Net $0.14 \mathrm{~kg}(0.3 \mathrm{lb})$, Shipping $0.22 \mathrm{~kg}(0.5 \mathrm{lb})$

## Power dividers

The HP 11636 series power dividers are three-resistor splitters intended for direct power dividing applications such as transmission line fault location. The HP 11636 series can also be used as a power combiner.

## General information

Impedance: 50 ohms nominal Dimensions: $42 \mathrm{H} \times 45 \mathrm{~W} \times 18 \mathrm{~mm}$ D ( $1.6 \times 1.8 \times 0.7 \mathrm{in}$ ) Weight: Net $0.14 \mathrm{~kg}(0.3 \mathrm{lb})$, Shipping 0.45 kg ( 1.0 lb )

## HP 11679A/B extension cables

These cables extend the distance between the scalar network analyzer and the detector or bridge to a maximum of 200 feet without degradation of performance.
HP 11679A 7.6 m ( 25 ft ) extension cable
HP 11679B 61 m ( 200 ft ) extension cable

## HP 11665B modulator

The HP 11665B modulates test signals with the 27.8 kHz modulation drive signal from the scalar network analyzer.
Frequency range: 15 MHz to 18 GHz
Insertion loss and return loss

| Frequency | Return | Insertion Loss |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Loss | ON $(+50 \mathrm{~mA})$ | OFF ( $-50 \mathrm{~mA})$ |
| 15 MHz to 40 MHz | $>10 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $<7.0 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $>35 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| 40 MHz to 4 GHz | $>15 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $<3.2 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $>35 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| 4 GHz to 8 GHz | $>12 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $<3.8 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $>40 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| 8 GHz to 12.4 GHz | $>8 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $<4.3 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $>45 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| 12.4 GHz to 18 GHz | $>8 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $<5.0 \mathrm{~dB}$ | $>45 \mathrm{~dB}$ |

Maximum input: +24 dBm
Connectors: Input: type-N (f), Output: type-N (m)
Weight: Net: $0.17 \mathrm{~kg}(0.38 \mathrm{lbs})$, Shipping: $0.9 \mathrm{~kg}(2 \mathrm{lbs})$

## Power splitters

| Model | Frequency <br> Range | Input <br> Connector | Output <br> Connectors | Frequency | Insertion Loss <br> (typical) | Equivalent <br> Output Match | Output <br> Tracking |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| HP 11667A | DC to 18 GHz | Type-N (f) $)^{1}$ | Type-N (f) | DC to 4 GHz | 6.6 dB | 1.10 SWR | 0.15 dB |
|  |  |  |  |  | 4 to 8 GHz | 7.0 dB | 1.20 SWR |

Power dividers

| Model | Frequency Range | Input Connector | Output Connectors | Frequency | Output Match | Output Tracking |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HP 11636A | DC to 18 GHz | Type-N (m) | Type-N (f) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DC to } 4 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 4 \text { to } 10 \mathrm{GHz} \\ & 10 \text { to } 18 \mathrm{GHz} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1.25 SWR } \\ & \text { 1.25 SWR } \\ & 1.35 \text { SWR } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.20 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & 0.40 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & 0.50 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |
| HP 11636B | DC to 26.5 GHz | 3.5 mm (f) | 3.5 mm (f) | DC to 10 GHz 10 to 18 GHz 18 to 26.5 GHz | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1.22 SWR } \\ & \text { 1.29 SWR } \\ & \text { 1.29 SWR } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.25 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & 0.50 \mathrm{~dB} \\ & 0.50 \mathrm{~dB} \end{aligned}$ |

[^1]
## System accessories (cont'd)

## HP 85022A system cable kit

The HP 85022A contains the BNC and HP-IB cables needed to connect a source to the HP 8757.

## Contents

HP-IB cable, 100 cm ( 3.3 ft .), 3 each
50 ohm BNC (m) cable, 61 cm ( 2 ft .), 3 each
50 ohm BNC (m) cable, 122 cm ( 4 ft .)
Weight: Net: 0.5 kg (1.2 lbs.), Shipping: 1.2 kg ( 2.9 lbs )

## HP 11613B calibrator

The HP 11613B is a dedicated transfer standard for Lcalibration of the HP 8757. The HP 11613B provides the standard, a 27.778 kHz source and a series of precision attenuators. The calibrator includes software ( 3.5 inch format) that operates on an HP 9000 series 200 or 300 computer and the HP BASIC operating system (HP BASIC 3.0 or higher). The software verifies (and adjusts if necessary) the internal calibration parameters stored in the nonvolatile memory of the HP 8757. All HP 8757 detector inputs can be calibrated in a matter of minutes. Re-calibration of the HP 11613B is recommended every two years.

## Memory requirement: 0.5 M byte

 OutputsThe 5-pin cable ( 1.22 m ) mates with the detector inputs of the HP 8757. The lines in this cable transfer the squarewave signal to the HP 8757, provide power for the HP 11613B (from the HP 8757 supply), and program the HP 11613B's internal attenuators.
Dimensions: $40 \mathrm{H} \times 185 \mathrm{~W} \times 203 \mathrm{~mm}$ D
( $1.5 \times 7.3 \times 8.0 \mathrm{in}$ )
Cable length: 1.22 m (48 in)
Weight: Net: 0.91 kg (2 lbs), Shipping: 2.3kg (5 lbs)

## Software

## Amplifier test software

## HP part number 86399-10001

This amplifier test software automates basic amplifier measurements of gain, gain compression, return loss, and standing wave ratio. The software is completely menu driven for simplicity and ease of use. 3.5 inch inch format is provided.

## Support products and literature

## Service and support products

## HP 8757D/E Option W30

Three additional years return-to-HP service (where available)
In the event of a failure, HP will repair these products for three years after delivery. (The first year is under standard warranty; the second and third are under this extended support program.) All parts, labor, post-repair adjustments, and verification are included. (Periodic maintenance and scheduled "calibrations" are not included.)

## HP 8757D/E Option W32

## 3-year calibration

Option W32 provides three years of return-to-HP calibration service. Includes scheduled calibration at the manufacturer's calibration cycle and calibration after repair performed by Hewlett-Packard.
HP 8757D Option 1BN
MIL-STD 45662A Certificate of calibration
Certificate of calibration in full compliance with MIL-STD 45662A.

## HP 8757D/E Option 1BP

MIL-STD 45662A certificate of calibration with data
Certificate of calibration in full compliance with MIL-STD 45662A supplied with calibration data. Contact your local HP sales office for additional service and support options.

## Literature guide

HP 8757D/ E scalar network analyzers, Brochure, literature number 5091-2469E

HP 8757D/ E scalar network analyzers, Technical Specification, literature number 5091-2471E
Improving network analyzer measurements of frequency-translating devices,
Application Note 1287-7, literature number 5966-3318E
Network anal yzer measurements:
filter and amplifier examples,
Application Note 1287-4, literature number 5965-7710E
Millimeter wave measurements; V \& W band scalar measurements using the scal ar network analyzer, Product Note 8757-2, literature number 5964-8380

Microwave component measurements; amplifier measurements using the scalar network analyzer, Product Note 345-1, literature number 5954-1599
Extended dynamic range of scalar transmission measurements using the HP 8757A, HP 8756A, and HP 8755C scalar network analyzers, Application Note 345-1, literature number 5963-8882
Measuring voltage-controlled devices with the HP 8757A scalar network analyzer, Product Note 8757-5, literature number 5964-1537

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[^0]:    1. The HP 85037A/B specifications are only applicable when used with the HP 8757D scalar network analyzer.
    2. Option 001 changes to 7 mm connector.
    3. $-10 \mathrm{dBm}, 25 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
[^1]:    1. Option 001 changes the input connector to type- N ( m )
